# S&I Data Provenance Initiative User Stories with Record Lifecycle & Provenance Events

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CentriHealth Public Comments
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#### **Data Provenance Chain of Trust**

# Authenticity, Assurance

- Data provenance ensures <u>truth</u> (authenticity) and <u>trust</u> (assurance).
- Data provenance captures (and thus embodies) the source of truth – the point of data/record origination.
- Data provenance
  - If properly captured, retained, secured, managed and conveyed from the point of origination forward
  - Ensures trust to all downstream users and for all purposes to which health information may be applied.

#### Data/Provenance PAIRS

# DP0 – Source of Truth

- Point of data/record origination:
  - Is Source of Truth
  - Is Anchor for Chain of Trust
  - Instantiates a data/provenance PAIR (designated DP0)
- As it embodies the source of truth, DP0 will be considered first and always for primary use: clinical care, interventions and decision making.

#### **Data/Provenance PAIRS**

# DP0 – Source of Truth

Encapsulates data and provenance as <u>evidence of source</u>, <u>truth and context</u>, including who, what, when, where and why Is <u>retained securely</u>: e.g., as an EHR record entry

Is an indivisible and immutable PAIR

May be bound to the digital signature of its author and/or device/system/software of origin

Has a <u>lifespan</u> from point of origination to point of destruction (deletion)

Has <u>one or more lifecycle events</u> which occur during its lifespan, including originate/retain, also as applicable: amend, attest, access/view, exchange...

(Lifecycle events are links in the DP0 chain of trust)

May be <u>conveyed securely</u> via an exchange artifact (e.g., CCDA)

Source, 1 off, 2 off...

# Data+Provenance PAIRS (DPn)

PAIR	DP0	DP1	DP2	DPn
(data+provenance)	$\longrightarrow$	$\longrightarrow$	$\longrightarrow$	$\longrightarrow$
ls →	Source of Truth	1st order derivative	2nd order derivative	nth order derivative
Is extracted/ transformed from →		DP0	• DP1 or • DP0+DP1	DP0-DPn • Singly • In combination
Typical example: when data/record content is →	Authored, captured/ created	Transformed from source to exchange artifact format	Transformed from exchange artifact to receiver internal format	Applied to secondary uses

Source, 1 off, 2 off...

# Data+Provenance PAIRS (DPn)

PAIR	DP0	DP1	DP2	DPn			
(data+provenance)		$\longrightarrow$	$\longrightarrow$	$\longrightarrow$			
ls →	Source of Truth	1st order derivative	2nd order derivative	nth order derivative			
Standing	Source of Truth	(Transformations often introduce alterations, erro					
Fit for Primary Use?	Yes	With abundant caution	With extreme caution	No(!)			
Secondary Use?	Yes	Yes, advisedly	Yes, advisedly	Yes, advisedly			
To ensure truth (authenticity) and trust (assurance)		And unless intended solely for secondary use: Data/record derivative content (DP1, DP2) should always be conveyed and rendered alongside DP0 at the source of truth					

#### **Data/Provenance PAIRS**

# **Chain of Trust**

- Lifecycle events are links in the chain of trust which ensure traceability back to the point of origination (source of truth)
  - To any downstream recipient of source data/provenance PAIR (DP0)
- In the following examples, chain of trust is shown as:

DP0 Chain of Trust – from Origination → End of Lifespan

DP1 Chain of Trust – from Translation/transformation → End of Lifespan

DP2 Chain of Trust – from Translation/transformation → End of Lifespan

DPn Chain of Trust – from Translation/transformation → End of Lifespan

# Key to User Story Chain of Trust



= New Provenance Event

DPx

= Indivisible and Immutable Data/Provenance PAIR, instantiated at each Provenance Event



= Ultimate Data/Record User View

RI.1.1.X

= ISO/HL7 10781 EHR System Functional Model Release 2, Record Infrastructure Section, Function Reference

- Scenario 1: Data Source → End Point
- User Story 1: A patient arrives at the ophthalmologist's office for her annual eye exam. The ophthalmologist conducts an eye exam and captures all of the data from that visit in his EHR. The ophthalmologist electronically sends the information back to the patient's PCP (where all data in the report sent was created by the ophthalmologist).

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 1, User Story 1

# Single Provenance Event

			nolog Sourc	4				P EH		
EHR-S FM Lifecycle Event	<u>RI.1.1.1</u> Originate/Retain	RI.1.1.4 Attest	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	<u>RI.1.1.9</u> Retain	RI.1.1.5 Access/View	Thereafter
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PAIRs Data +Prov	DP0	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	<del></del>	Encr	ypted	DP0		DP0

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 1, User Story 1

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EHR-S FM Lifecycle Event	<u>RI.1.1.1</u> Originate/Retain	<u>RI.1.1.4</u> Attest	RI.1.1.3 Translate	RI.1.1.25 Verify	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange	<u>RI.1.1.9</u> Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	<u>RI.1.1.3</u> Translate	<u>RI.1.1.9</u> Retain	RI.1.1.5 Access/View	Thereafter
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<b>^</b> 0.	DP0	<b>→</b>	DP0	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted	DP0	<b>→</b>		DP0
PAIRs ata+Prov			DP1	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	/pted	DP1	<b>→</b>		DP1 →
<u>F</u> Dat							ı			DP2	<b>→</b>	(	DP2 →

- Scenario 1: Data Source → End Point
- User Story 2: A patient wishes to transmit the Summary of Care Document she downloaded from her PCP to her Specialist. Rather than downloading and sending it herself, she requests that the PCP transmits a copy of the document on her behalf to her Specialist. PCP is the only author of the Summary of Care Document and also the sender of the information to the Specialist. The Specialist understands from the document's provenance that it is authentic, reliable, and trustworthy.

#### Data Provenance – Scenario 1, User Story 2

# Single Provenance Event

			EHR ırce)				Spec (Re	ialist eceiv		
EHR-S FM Lifecycle Event	<u>RI.1.1.1</u> Originate/Retain	RI.1.1.4 Attest	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	<u>RI.1.1.8</u> Transmit	Exchange	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	<u>RI.1.1.9</u> Retain	RI.1.1.5 Access/View	Thereafter
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<u>Prov</u> Event		*		<exc< td=""><td>hange Art</td><td>ifact&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></exc<>	hange Art	ifact>				
PAIRs Data +Prov	DP0	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	<b></b>	Encr	ypted	DP0		DP0

#### Data Provenance – Scenario 1, User Story 2

				EHR ırce)					-	eciali (Rece			
EHR-S FM Lifecycle Event	<u>RI.1.1.1</u> Originate/Retain	<u>RI.1.1.4</u> Attest	<u>RI.1.1.3</u> Translate	<u>RI.1.1.25</u> Verify	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	<u>RI.1.1.3</u> Translate	<u>RI.1.1.9</u> Retain	RI.1.1.5 Access/View	Thereafter
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, OO	DP0	<b>→</b>	DP0	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted	DPO	<b>→</b>	u	DP0 →
PAIRs ata+Prov			DP1	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted	DP1	<b>→</b>		DP1 →
<u>F</u> Da		'					•			DP2	<b>+</b>	11	DP2

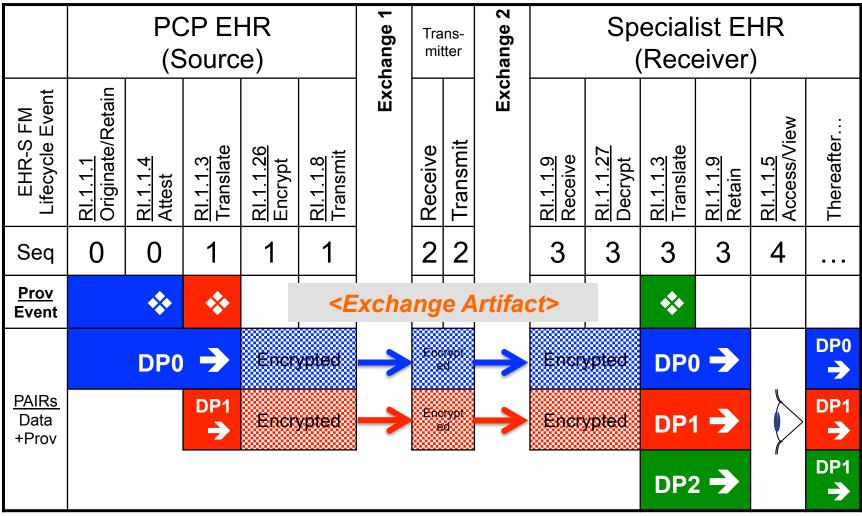
- Scenario 2: Data Source → Transmitter → End Point
- User Story 1 (no alteration in exchange): While training for a marathon, a patient fractures his foot. The patient's PCP conducts a foot exam and captures all of the data from that visit in his EHR. The PCP also calls in a referral for the patient to an orthopedic specialist for further treatment. After the PCP calls in the referral, the summary of care information is made available to the specialist, by passing through a transmitter, before being received by the orthopedic specialist's system. The orthopedic specialist receives the summary of care with provenance information and an indication that the data passed through a transmitter.

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 2, User Story 1

# Single Provenance Event

			EHR ırce)			l	ns- tter			Spec (Re	ialist eceiv		2
EHR-S FM Lifecycle Event	RI.1.1.1 Originate/Retain	RI.1.1.4 Attest	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange 1	Receive	Transmit	Exchange 2	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	RI.1.1.9 Retain	RI.1.1.5 Access/View	Thereafter
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PAIRs Data +Prov	DP0	<b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	<b></b>	Encr	ypted	<del></del>	Encr	ypted	DP0		DP0

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 2, User Story 1



- Scenario 3: Data Source → Assembler → End Point
- User Story 1: A patient is rushed to the Emergency
  Department due to a car accident. The physician wants
  to obtain the patient's summary record as part of the
  delivery of care. The physician queries the HIE
  repository and receives a summary record from the past
  six months. The data received includes the provenance
  information from the originating sources and also
  information that identifies the assembler and the actions
  they have taken.

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 3, PRE User Story 1

# Single Provenance Event

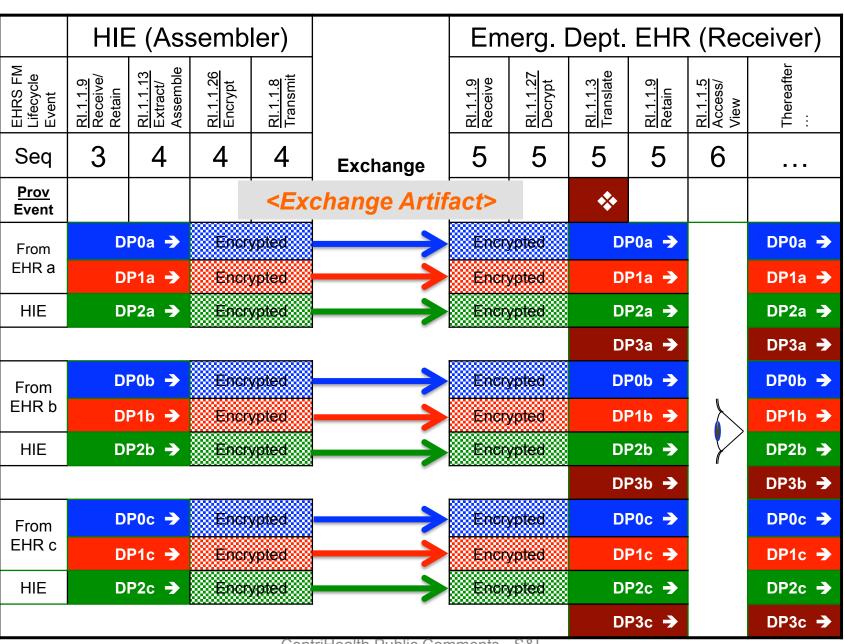
	EHF	Ra,b,c	c (Sou	ırce)		Н	IE (Re	eceive	er)
EHRS FM Lifecycle Event	RI.1.1.1 Originate/ Retain	RI.1.1.4 Attest	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	RI.1.1.9 Retain	s on e
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EHR a	DP	0a →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted	DP	0a →
EHR b	DP	0b <b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted	DP	0b <b>→</b>
EHR c	DP	0c <b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted	DP	0c <b>→</b>

# Data Provenance – Scenario 3, User Story 1, con't Single Provenance Event

	HII	E (Ass	sembl	er)		Е	D EH	R (Re	ceiver	.)
EHRS FM Lifecycle Event	RI.1.1.9 Receive/ Retain	RI.1.1.13 Extract/ Assemble	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	<u>RI.1.1.9</u> Retain	RI.1.1.5 Access/ View	Thereafter 
Seq	2	3	3	3	J	4	4	4	5	
<u>Prov</u> Event				<exc< td=""><td>hange Arti</td><td>ifact&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></exc<>	hange Arti	ifact>				
From EHR a	DP	0a →	Encr	ypted	$\rightarrow$	Encr	/pted	DP0a	-	DP0a
From EHR b	DP	0b <b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	/pted	DP0b		DP0b →
From EHR c	DP	0c <b>→</b>	Encr	ypted	<b></b>	Ench	/pted	DP0c	(	DP0c

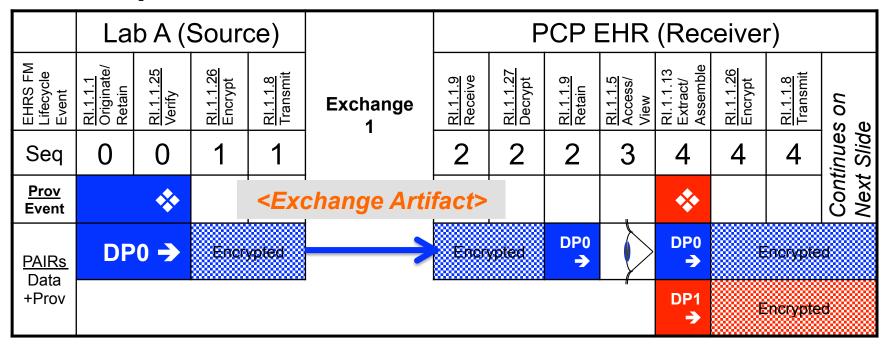
#### Data Provenance - Scenario 3, PRE User Story 1

	E	EHR	a,b,c.	(Sc	ource	)			HIE (	(Rece	eiver)	
EHRS FM Lifecycle Event	RI.1.1.1 Originate/ Retain	RI.1.1.4 Attest	RI.1.1.3 Translate	RI.1.1.25 Verify	RI.1.1.26 Encrypt	RI.1.1.8 Transmit	Exchange	RI.1.1.9 Receive	RI.1.1.27 Decrypt	RI.1.1.3 Translate	RI.1.1.9 Retain	s on le
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EHR a	DI	P0a →	D	P0a →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted		D	P0a →
Data/ Prov			D	P1a →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted		D	P1a 👈
PAIRs											D	P2a →
EHR b	DF	P0b →	DI	P0b →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted		D	P0b →
Data/ Prov			DI	P1b →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted		D	P1b →
PAIRs											D	P2b →
EHR c	DI	P0c →	D	P0c →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted		D	P0c →
Data/ Prov			D	P1c →	Encr	ypted	$\longrightarrow$	Encr	ypted		D	P1c →
PAIRs							c Comments S&I				D	P2c →



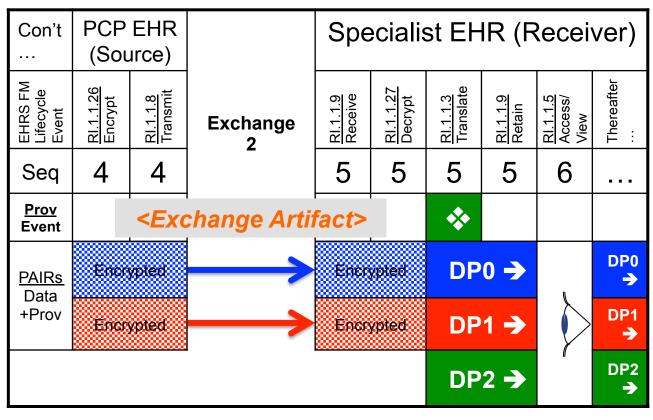
- Scenario 3: Data Source → Assembler → End Point
- User Story 2: A patient with diabetes goes to Lab A to have his blood drawn. Lab A sends the lab results in a standard lab format to the PCP's EHR with provenance information attached. Upon reviewing the lab results, the PCP decides to refer the diabetic patient to a specialist for consultation. The PCP electronically sends a referral to the specialist. The referral document includes relevant data originating in the PCP's EHR along with provenance information from Lab A that is transformed into a representation that is compatible with the referral document.

#### Data Provenance – Scenario 3, User Story 2



# Continuing at Step 4...

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 3, User Story 2, con't



- Scenario 3: Data Source → Assembler → End Point
- User Story 3: A PCP tethered PHR enables patient to download and transmit Summary of Care records that includes provenance information to anyone she chooses. Patient downloads full Summary of Care Document, disaggregates the medications, problems, and vital signs in the document and then copies these into her PHR along with medications, problems and vital signs added previously. Patient then sends selected medications, vitals, and problems from PHR to her Fitness Trainer App in a mobile device friendly format using different terminology for expressing vital sign measures. The patient authorizes the Fitness Trainer App to access the patient's information and put into a format that is recognizable by the Fitness Trainer App client. The Fitness Trainer App user (could be patient, physical therapist, etc.) receives provenance information showing that the information received has been assembled by the patient and that it was authored by various other clinical staff.

#### Data Provenance - Scenario 2, User Story 1

