# Applied to Initial Scope of US HIT Standards Committee Standards Simplification Strategy (Proposed)

Gary L. Dickinson

Director, Healthcare Standards, CentriHealth 28 May 2009

# Acknowledgments

### Derived from open standards and constructs developed by:

- ANSI Health Information Technology Standards Panel
  - Foundations Framework Committee
  - Security Privacy and Infrastructure Technical Committee
- Health Level Seven
  - EHR, EHR Interoperability, Security and Structured Docs WGs
- ISO TC215
  - WG1 (Data Structure), WG2 (Data Interchange), WG8 (EHR Requirements)
- US Federal Health Architecture Group with
  - National Health Information Network Contractors
- Integrating the Health Enterprise (IHE)

### Ideals

- Simple and sufficient
- Common broadly applicable
- Concise straight-forward
- Uniform consistent, minimal variability
- Re-useable recurrent, easily repurposed
- Standards-based
- End-to-end trust framework and health record fidelity
  - Point of health record origination to each point of access/use
  - Privacy and security protection and assurance
- Standards distillation NOT proliferation

# Ready Adoption

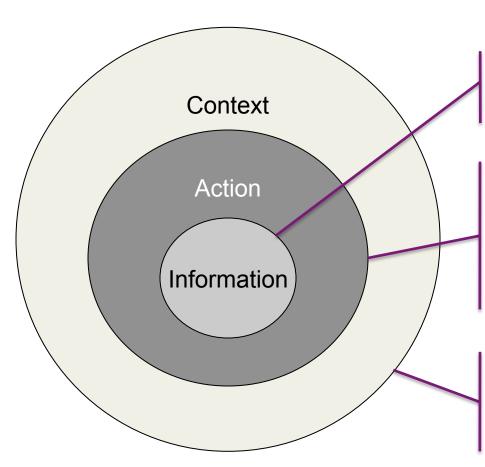
- Make it
  - Universal, in common to all
  - Technology, vendor and product neutral
  - Easy to understand
  - Easy to specify, build out and implement (use cases)
    - By clinical & business experts, independent of standards/technical gurus
    - By providers, health plans, professional societies, public health...
    - By small and large organizations alike
  - Easy to bring to market
  - Applicable to US and international alike
- Simplification Drives Adoption

# Elemental Strategy

- 1. Health, healthcare and health information correlation
- 2. Process and information correlation
- 3. Re-usable component libraries, ready to exploit
- 4. Suite of transactional and persistence services
- Use Case developer's toolkit, available to any Stakeholder
- 6. Initial Context for US HIT Standards Committee
- 7. Next Steps

### 1 - Health, Healthcare and Health Information Correlation

# Information in Action in Context



All health and healthcare <u>information</u> derives from, or is attributable to, a discrete Action

Actions are taken to support an individual's health and to effect healthcare delivery and public health

 Corollary: Healthcare is the sum of all Actions taken to ensure its safe and effective delivery

The essential <u>context</u> of health and healthcare information is indivisible from its originating Action:

- Including Who, What, When, Where

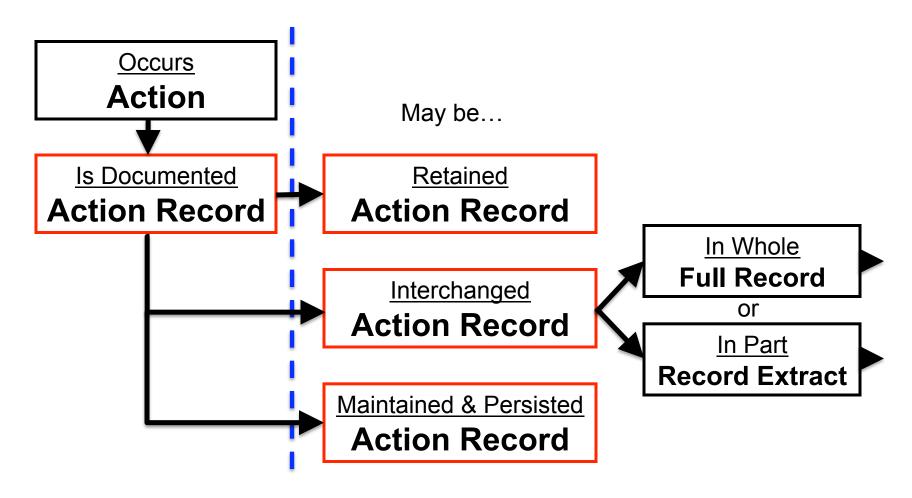
1 – Health, Healthcare and Health Information Correlation

# Action, Action Record

- An Action is taken, i.e.,
  - A Task or Procedure is performed; or
  - A Service is provided or rendered.
- A record is initiated
  - Documenting Action facts, findings and observations.
- The resulting Action Record may be:
  - Retained; and/or
  - Interchanged (in whole or in part); and/or
  - Maintained and persisted.

### 1 – Health, Healthcare and Health Information Correlation

# Action, Action Record, con't



### 1 – Health, Healthcare and Health Information Correlation

# Action, Action Record, con't

Actions	Action Records			
Are tasks, procedures or services, taken in • Support of individual health	Document (provide evidence of) each Action taken			
<ul><li>Provision of healthcare</li><li>Public Health</li></ul>	May be entries in a persistent datastore (e.g., EHR or PHR)			
Are a unit of service performed/rendered	Are a corresponding unit of record			
Have chronology of occurrence	Have a corresponding chronology			
Have a context – who, what, when, where	Document Action context			
Are accountable to participants involved  • Document participating Adversariable experience and authority of the source and authority of the s				
Are a common information currel				
Simplification Strategy – Establish common and corresponding elementals of Process (Action) and Information (Action Record) – Apply broadly and uniformly				

### 2 – Process and Information Correlation

# Intersection

Process	Information
<ul> <li>Hierarchy*:</li> <li>Use Cases, comprising one or more</li> <li>Scenario(s), comprising one or more</li> <li>Event(s), comprising one or more</li> <li>Action(s) Evidenced by</li> </ul> * US ONC/AHIC 2006-09 Use Case Hierarchy	<ul> <li>Typical Hierarchy:</li> <li>Electronic Health Record or Personal Health Record, incorporating one or more</li> <li>Encounter(s), comprising one or more</li> <li>Action Record entries, each comprising one or more</li> <li>Attribute Aggregations (templates, archetypes), each comprising one or more</li> <li>Discrete Attributes (data elements, items, values)</li> </ul>

# **Process & Information Libraries**

- Libraries (catalogs) enabling re-use and re-purpose
  - Process Components: 1) Use Cases, 2) Actions
  - Information Components: 3) Action Records, 4) Attribute
     Aggregations, 5) Attributes
- Two Sub-Libraries
  - Open Public: Open to all stakeholders, allowing all entries
  - Harmonized: Authority managed, allowing only consensus or mandated entries
- Stakeholders
  - Encouraged to build Use Cases by re-using/re-purposing
     Process and Information components from Open Public or Harmonized (preferred) libraries
  - Before creating their own variant

# **Process Libraries**

Re-Usable Process Components		Process Component Library, Ready for Re-Use	Open	Harm
(1) Use Case	<ul> <li>Use Case is narrative description of real-world Scenario(s)</li> <li>Based on work/process flow, resolves to set and sequence of Events &amp; Actions necessary to complete (satisfy or fulfill) a particular Scenario</li> <li>Example: Scenarios for Lab Order/Result, Medication Mgmt</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Previously registered         Scenarios, Events, Actions</li> <li>Meta-data per Use Case:         ID, name, description,         source/submitter, included         Actions</li> </ul>	Y	Y
(2) Action	<ul> <li>Actions are [tasks, procedures and services] taken in support of health and delivery of healthcare</li> <li>Example: Register Patient, Capture Vital Signs, Order Medication</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Previously registered Actions</li> <li>Meta-data per Action: ID, name, description, source/ submitter, related Action Record(s)</li> </ul>	Y	Y

# **Information Libraries**

Re-Usable Information Components		Information Component Library, Ready for Re-Use	Open	Harm
(3) Action Record	<ul> <li>Action Records document (are evidence of) Actions taken</li> <li>Also document Action details, as discrete Attributes and Attribute Aggregations</li> <li>Record Header – Action context: who, what, when, where</li> <li>Record Body: Action facts, findings and observations</li> <li>Example: Action Records for Lab Order, Lab Result, Medication Order, Vital Signs, Encounter Summary (CCD)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Previously registered Actions and Action Records</li> <li>Meta-data per Action Record: ID, name, description, source/ submitter, related Actions</li> </ul>	Y	Y

# Information Libraries, con't

Re-Usable Information Components		Information Component Library, Ready for Re-Use	Open	Harm
(4) Attribute Aggre- gation	<ul> <li>Attribute Aggregations are logical clusters (groups) of Attributes</li> <li>Includes template and archetype clusters</li> <li>Example: Vital Sign cluster: Heart &amp; Resp Rate, Temp, BP</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Previously registered         Aggregations     </li> <li>Meta-data per Aggregation:         ID, name, description, included Attributes     </li> </ul>	Y	~
(5) Attribute	<ul> <li>Attributes are discrete data elements, items and values</li> <li>Attributes may be valued by specific coding/classification schemes (ICD, CPT, SNOMED, LOINC and others)</li> <li>Example: discrete elements for Heart Rate, Resp Rate, Temp, Diastolic DP, Systolic BP</li> <li>USHIK is an Attribute Library</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Previously registered         Attributes     </li> <li>Meta-data per Attribute: ID,         name, description, data type,         range, format, unit of         measure, coding/         classification scheme, value         set     </li> </ul>	Y	Y

### 3 – Re-Usable Component Libraries

# Open Public and Harmonized

Process and Information Libraries			
Open Public	Harmonized		
Entries instantiate current clinical and business practice • Enables real-time Use Case build out	<ul><li>Entries are registered upon:</li><li>Industry consensus agreement</li><li>Authority mandate</li></ul>		
Open to All Stakeholders to • Register, update own entries • Lookup and re-use any entry	<ul> <li>Authorities may register/update</li> <li>All Stakeholders may lookup and re-use entries in own Use Cases</li> </ul>		

#### For Use Cases, Stakeholders may:

- Re-use Process and Information components from Libraries
- Compose Value/Use Cases for their immediate purposes, instantiating Current Clinical and Business Practices
- Compose Value/Use Cases for submission to NeHC
- Re-purpose (or localize) AHIC, NeHC and other Value/Use Case

### 3 – Re-Usable Component Libraries

# Ongoing Harmonization

- Process Libraries
  - Open Public
  - Harmonized
- Information Libraries
  - Open Public
  - Harmonized

- 1. Identify commonalties in registered entries
- 2. Harmonize many to one (or small set)
- 3. Register upon consensus agreement

Libraries may be initialized with previously agreed entries

#### 4 – Services Suite

## Transactional and Persistence

#### **Transactional Services**

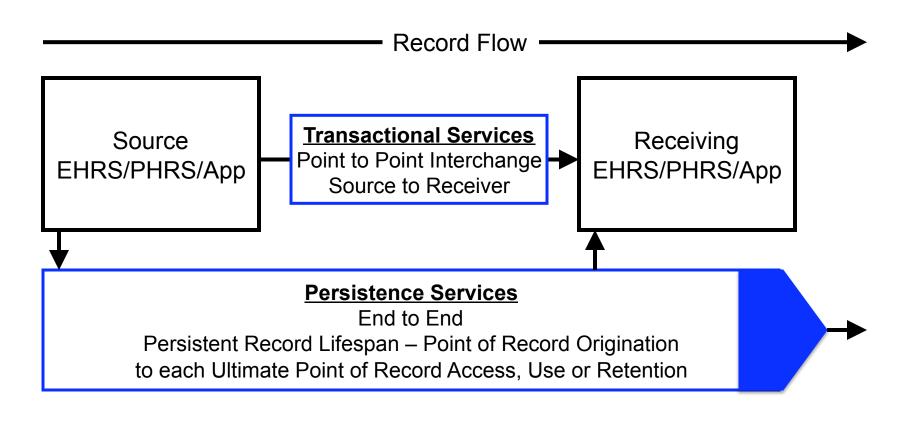
- Support Record Interchange
- Push: Subscribe, Publish\*
- Pull: Query/Locate, Retrieve Record(s)\*
- Record Envelope\*
- Record Addressing\*
- Authorization\*
- Source Signature\*
- Author Signature\*
- Source/Author Authentication\*
- Record Content Integrity\*
- Sender/Receiver Authentication\*
- Payload Encryption\*
- \* Ref: NHIN/FHA Identified Services
- \*\* Ref: HL7 EHR Lifecycle Model

#### **Persistence Services**

- Support Record Persistence
- Correspond to Record Lifecycle Events\*\*
- Originate Record
- Index Record\*
- Register/Retain Record\*
- Link Record to Identity\*
- Amend Record
- Translate Record
- Verify Record
- Attest Record
- Access/Use Record
- Transmit/Receive Record
- · De-identify, Alias, Re-Identify Record
- Archive Record(s)
- Lose or Destroy Record(s)
- Deprecate Record(s)

#### 4 – Services Suite

# Scope of Interoperability



### 5 – Use Case Developer's Toolkit

# Composer

- Allows any Stakeholder to
  - Select\* or create Use Cases with Scenarios and Events
  - Select\* or create the set and sequence of Events w/Actions
  - Select\* or create Attributes and/or Attribute Aggregations related to each Action (thus Action Records)
  - Select\* or generate standards-based, implementation-ready information containers (Action Records)
  - Select relevant Transactional and/or Persistence Services
  - Proceed to immediate implementation

<sup>\*</sup> Selecting harmonized Process/Information Library entries (preferred)

### 5 – Use Case Developer's Toolkit

# Build It, Use It

	Who	What	How
Process	Healthcare	Use Cases, resolving to Actions	
Information	Clinical and Business Experts Any Stakeholder	Action Records, comprised of Attributes, Aggregations	Use Case Developer's Toolkit
Foundation Technical Infrastructure	HIT Standards and Technology Experts	Standards & Services Privacy, Security, Record Transactional and Persistence	Standards, Services and Applied Technology

### 6 - Initial Context for US HIT Standards Committee

# **Use Case Domains**

Domain	Example		
Domain	Actions	Action Record Content	
Medication	<ul> <li>Order</li> <li>Check interactions</li> <li>Verify order</li> <li>Forward to pharmacy</li> <li>Dispense</li> <li>Administer (times x)</li> <li>Review/refill order</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Medication, dose, strength, quantity, route and other administration instructions</li> <li>Interactions and resolutions noted</li> <li>Verification details</li> <li>Transmittal, receipt details</li> <li>Dispensing notes, instructions</li> <li>Administration details</li> <li>Notes, refill details</li> </ul>	
Lab	<ul> <li>Order</li> <li>Verify order</li> <li>Collect/label specimen</li> <li>Accession specimen</li> <li>Analyze specimen, report results</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Panels, analytes, instructions</li> <li>Verification details</li> <li>Container, collection details</li> <li>Routing, assignment details</li> <li>Enumerated results, reference ranges, other details</li> </ul>	

### 6 - Initial Context for US HIT Standards Committee

# Use Case Domains, con't

Domain	Example		
Domain	Actions	Action Record Content	
Encounter Summary	<ul><li>Create Summary</li><li>Forward to Next Provider</li><li>Forward to HRB/PHR</li></ul>	<ul><li>Continuity of Care Document</li><li>Transmittal, receipt details</li><li>Transmittal, receipt details</li></ul>	
Quality	<ul><li>Filter, aggregate data</li><li>Transmit</li></ul>	<ul><li>Measured and derived quality metrics</li><li>Transmittal, receipt details</li></ul>	
Next?			

### 7 – Next Steps

### Realization

- Synchronize, to extent possible, with HITSP
  - Tiger Team (6/30): Exchange Actions and related Attributes (data requirements), Attribute Library (USHIK)
  - Non-Exchange Actions? Open public and harmonized libraries? Toolkit?
     Record generator? Services suite?
- Submit New Work Item Proposal to ISO TC215 WG1
- Establish Two Sets of Libraries: Open Public and Harmonized
  - Process: Use Case, Action
  - Information: Action Record, Attribute Aggregation, Attribute
- Build Use Case Developer's Toolkit, including record generator
- Identify Core Services: Persistence and Transactional
- Invite Stakeholders to specify process and information requirements
  - In the form of Use Cases, Actions, Attributes and Aggregations

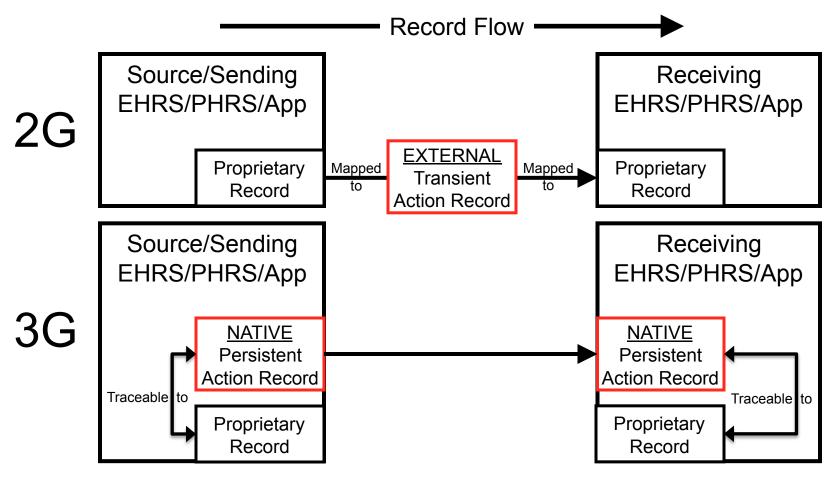
### 7 – Next Steps – Transition

# 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation

	1G 80s to Now	2G Next	3G Goal
Action Record	None	External to System architecture	Native to System architecture
Interchange Scheme	Point to Point Often Customized	Point to Point: Back-end to Back-end	End to End: Front-end to Front-end
	Transient Artifacts (e.g., messages)	Transient Action Records	Persistent Action Records
Record originated at System	Back-end interface, ready to transmit	Back-end interface, ready to transmit	Front-end – often at point of care or service
Digitally Signed by	N/A	Sending System	Originating Author and System
Authenticate-able (traceable) to	N/A	Sending System	Originating Author and System

### 7 – Next Steps – Transition

### **External to Native**



### 7 – Next Steps – Transition

# Record Flow Example

	Source/Sender			Receiver		
	Front-end (User Interface)	Internal	Back-end Interface	Back-end Interface	Internal	Front-end (User Interface)
Point of Record	Origination, Authorship	Retention	Transmittal, Disclosure	Receipt	Retention	Access/Use
Record Flow						<b>→</b>
2G	Proprietary  ———	Proprietary 	Standard Action Record	Standard  Action Record	Proprietary	Proprietary
2G <b>→</b> 3G	Proprietary  •	Proprietary	Standard  Action Record	Standard  Action Record	Standard Action Record	Standard Action Record
3G <b>→</b> 2G	Standard Action Record	Standard  Action Record	Standard Action Record	Standard Action Record	Proprietary	Proprietary
3G	Standard Action Record	Standard  Action Record	Standard Action Record	Standard Action Record	Standard Action Record	Standard Action Record

### 7 – Next Steps

# Venues of Engagement

#### US

- National eHealth Collaborative (March 2009)
- National Committee on Vital and Health Statistics (Invited When TBD)
- HHS HIT Standards Committee (forwarded to leadership)
- Health Record Banking Alliance (March 2009)
- HITSP Foundations Framework Committee, Internal Review Team (Now)
- Health Level Seven Architectural Review Board, Technical Steering Committee, EHR Interoperability Work Group (Now)

#### International

- Joint Initiative Council: ISO TC215, CEN TC251, HL7, CDISC, IHTSDO (In Discussion)
- ISO TC215 WG1/WG2/WG8 New Work Item Proposal (In Progress)
- European Commission Mandate 403 on eHealth Interoperability (In Discussion)
- UK National Health Service Connecting for Health (In Discussion)
- Canadian Health Infoway (In Discussion)
- Other Expressed Interests: Australia, Brazil, France

#### Conclusion

# This Proposal...

- Supports efficient, effective and cost-constrained healthcare through efficient and effective engagement of EHR/HIT standards
  - Simple, common, uniform, broadly applicable
  - Encourages re-use and re-purposing
- Establishes a few simple conventions broadly applied
  - Correlation of Health, Healthcare and Health Information
  - Convergence of Process and Information: Common unit of service (Action) documented by Common unit of record (Action Record)
  - Common HIT/EHR information currency (Action Record) for health and healthcare
- Logically extends scope of interoperability and record fidelity
  - From instant of interchange (point to point with transient artifacts)
  - To full record lifespan (end-to-end persistent health records)
- Establishes uniform standards foundation for
  - Origination, amendment, retention, interchange, access/use and protection of health and healthcare information and health records
- Employs libraries of re-usable Process and Information components

### Conclusion, con't

# This Proposal...

- Relies on a small set of Core Services many already in place
- Offers Use Case developer's toolkit making easy to build, use & re-use
  - One-stop self-service Value/Use Case specification
  - Auto-generated data containers standards-based, ready to implement
- With Toolkit, allows clinical and business experts elaborate own process and information requirements
  - Without protracted standards deliberation/debate and distractive technical babble
- Offers swift path to end-to-end semantic interoperability of health records
- Allows build out of dozens and 100s of Use Cases THIS YEAR
  - At a pace compatible with industry needs and rate of adoption
  - Basic process/information specification & re-use pattern applied iteratively
- Offers a three generation transition strategy
- Has sparked significant US and international interest
- Enables common unit of record for health record bank deposits and affords discrete permissions for subsequent HRB record access